Learning Objectives:
Upon completion of this lecture, participants will be able to understand:
1. The limitations and lack of physiological underpinnings of current methods of EFM
2. How EFM, per se, isn’t enough to understand the fetal reserve
3. The “fetal reserve index” as an approach for the earlier identification of fetal risk status with increased statistical performance for the detection and prevention of cerebral palsy risk and the need for emergency deliveries.

Commercial Relationship disclosure: Speaker is a consultant for NTD Labs